

➤ The U.S. Government's Commitment to Maternal and Child Survival Advances Foreign Policy



The U.S. government's commitment to maternal and child survival is a significant aspect of its foreign policy for inclusive growth and development.

SAVE LIVES: The driving force of this commitment is the moral imperative to save lives. Preventable child and maternal deaths are often caused by factors such as lack of access to healthcare, malnutrition, inadequate sanitation, and limited education. Addressing these issues aligns with the U.S.'s values of promoting human rights, dignity, and well-being globally.



GLOBAL HEALTH SECURITY: Improving child and maternal health contributes to global health security. Healthy populations are more resilient to diseases and epidemics. By reducing the burden of preventable deaths, the U.S. government aims to enhance the overall health infrastructure and capacity of partner countries, thereby reducing the risk of disease outbreaks that could affect global stability and security.



ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT: Healthy mothers and children are essential for sustainable economic development. When women and children are healthier, they can participate more fully in the economy, leading to increased productivity and economic growth. Improving health status is a precursor to improving economic status. This, in turn, can foster stability and prosperity in partner countries, which is beneficial for the U.S. and the global community.



DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS: Investing in maternal and child health can strengthen diplomatic relations with partner countries. It demonstrates the U.S.'s commitment to supporting the well-being of populations worldwide, which can enhance trust and cooperation between nations.

